



© 2016 Student Development Curriculum Division, Ministry of Education, Singapore. All rights reserved. No portion of this publication may be reproduced or published by any means, whether electronic, mechanical, photocopying, or otherwise, without the prior approval of the ministry.





Build Competence

Our children will be self-confident when they have a sense of competence. They need to feel emotionally safe to navigate their environment confidently.

- ✓ Affirm your children and praise their efforts (not only the results of their efforts).
- Role model and encourage a growth mindset.
- Provide opportunities to develop life skills e.g. social-emotional skills, skills in sports and the arts.
- Do things with your children. Support them from the side.
- ✓ Encourage them to:
 - take calculated risks,
 - make responsible decisions, and
 - manage challenges effectively and independently.







Develop a Sense of Belonging

When children experience a sense of belonging and feel connected with their family members, they develop positive relationships, interact confidently and build a network of positive support with others.

- Provide a caring, warm and supportive home environment.
- Inculcate core values and nurture positive behaviours.
- Encourage your children to share their thoughts and feelings.
 Listen to understand their perspectives.
- Make time to know your children and understand their needs and strengths.
- Participate in leisure activities together.





Promoting a Growth Mindset¹

Our children need to believe that their abilities can be developed through hard work and perseverance. With a growth mindset, they can develop a love of learning and mental resilience. This would help them view challenges and failures as opportunities to improve.



This is way tougher than I thought!

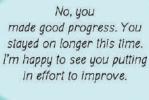
I'm trying my besti

Go on, you can do it! You were very enthusiastic about learning to cycle.





Affirm her positive qualities.





I tried: I told you I can't!

Hey, it's OK to fail. What's important is that we learn from our mistakes and not give up. You did go further today!





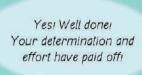
Use positive, uplifting messages.



Encourage your child to persist in completing an activity despite the difficulties.



Help your child to discover new strategies to improve her skills.









Praise your child for her mental strength and perseverance.





Building Positive Relationships

A supportive network of positive relationships helps our children feel safe and confident.



i feel hurt my best friend doesn't care about me!

She looks angry... It's making me nervousi Consider what your friend might think and feel. When you empathise with others, they'll feel understood. They'll also be more considerate towards you.

I should be open and try to understand her.











Also consider the *reason* behind a person's thoughts and feelings. This helps you to accept and value each other's differences.





When you hear the person out, show interest by listening attentively and ask questions to clarify.





Building Positive Relationships

A supportive network of positive relationships helps our children feel safe and confident.



But why?

Why not?

Focus on the problem and be objective. Listen well. Seek to understand each other.

Agree on the root cause of the problem.

Take turns to offer solutions.

Decide on a solution together.

When you work towards a win-win solution together, you restore and strengthen relationships with others.



Expressing Gratitude

He's so kind to help me. Say, "Thank you."

Describe what he has done for you.

Share how you've benefitted from his help.

Show that you value others. They will more likely value you too.





Explain that you appreciate the help because the person had spent time and effort with you, and showed he cared.





Managing Challenging Situations Effectively

Guide your children to manage challenging situations. Doing it in a controlled and respectful manner may help them feel less distress.

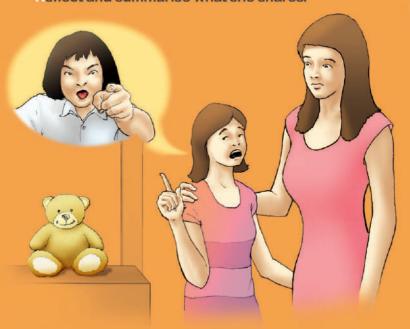
B.E.A.R. with your child when you speak with her.

Be patient. Listen as she talks.

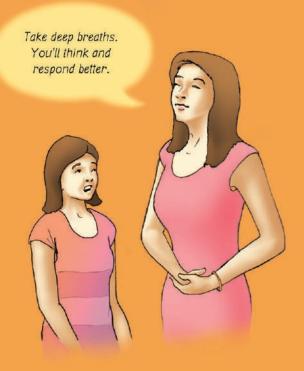
Empathise with her.

Ask her questions for clarity.

Reflect and summarise what she shares.



1 Teach your child to stay calm.

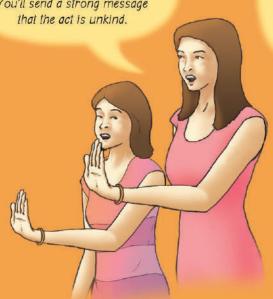


2 Teach your child to say, 'Stop' firmly.

3 Encourage your child to seek help.

Look at the person in the eye. Say, "Stop" clearly.

You'll send a strong message



You can also approach your Form Teacher or the School Counsellor.

> Share how you feel. Explain the problem.

Listen to their advice. Thank them.

You'll feel comforted as you share.







Tips to guide our children in wise, safe & responsible

ecision-Makino

Planned Conversations: Guide our children to recognise potential dangers.

1 Break down big ideas into small, simple steps.
2 Use questions to guide the conversation one step at a time.

"I heard that ... is there a possibility that ... can happen to you?"

"What will happen if...? What other choices do you have?"

Please Dad, I'll be more careful from now on. I think I'll need you to come with me. (1 Ok, so what can you do now? arranged for the pick-up. Oh no! But I've already real life. Could he have taked his profile? Will your safety be compromised? But you don't know who he is in It's a guy who wanted I'm passing it to him it for his girlfriend. at the mall tonight. buyer of your teddy bear? So who is the proud



Find a relaxing time to talk to your child e.g. during mealtimes.
 Don't jump in with answers. Let your child do the thinking and talking.





Tips to guide our children in wise, safe & responsible

Decision-Making

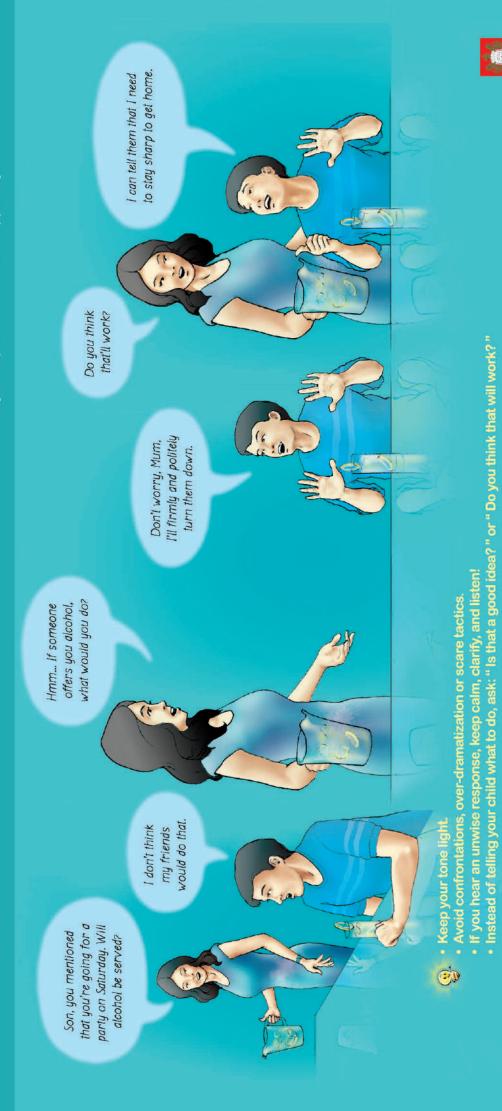
Role Play: Guide our children to be aware of possible consequences.

How? Explore various hypothetical situations. Discuss "What if " and "What will happen when...".

Example "What if a stranger asks to follow you on social media?"

What will you do in that situation?"

" How would you respond? What could happen if you did that?"



Tips to guide our children in wise, safe & responsible

Decision-Making Help our children practise the Sense •Think • Act strategy when they make decisions.

Sense

Recognise that the situation could be dangerous.

Think

Think about the details of the situation.

Remember the S.O.D.A.S. 1 strategy for problem solving

Act

Decide on the best choice and stick to it.



Help your child practise saying 'NO' in a firm voice.

ert to his / her surroundings.

Use these examples of different situations to practise the Sense •Think • Act strategy.



8

Set boundaries of where your child may go alone and how he / she should contact you if plans change.

Being Vigilant Online



Agree on the rules for technology use and work out the consequences of breaking rules in advance.

Possible Actions:

- Verify the information from multiple sources.
- Verify the information from multip
 Delete, report, or mark as 'junk'.

I should check with someone ...

Dealing with Negative Peer Pressure

Recognise negative influences.

Let's skip remedial class and play.

- Think about the options.
- · Weigh the pros and cons for each of them.

What can I do? What could be the consequence?

Regrets

Results

Results

Results



- · Say, "No" firmly and clearly.
- Suggest a positive alternative or leave the situation.
- Seek help and talk to a trusted adult





Encourage your child to have more than one circle of friends so he / she can turn to different groups of people for support.

